

Cambridge IGCSE™ (9–1)

INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY**0983/12**

Paper 1 Theory

May/June 2024**MARK SCHEME**Maximum Mark: 80

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2024 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of **10** printed pages.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptions for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Mark scheme comments

/ separates alternative words / phrases within a marking point

// separates alternative answers within a marking point

underline actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants accepted)

max indicates the maximum number of marks that can be awarded

() the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context

Note: No marks are awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

Examiners must ensure that annotations are placed to show that the whole answer has been seen

Annotations **MUST** be placed in white space close to where the mark is awarded

Before submitting a script please check all ticks match marks

If you have not placed any annotation near the end of a long answer then place R to show that the whole answer has been read

Read the full sentence/answer before marking it

Any blank pages place one SEEN annotation

If an answer is left blank then use SEEN and award NR, but if anything has been written for example 'Don't know', '?' etc. then use NAQ and award 0. If an answer has been attempted and crossed out then attempt to mark it.

Please make sure you have read the most up to date (10th May) AE guide before you start marking.

Question	Answer	Marks
1	RAM ROM	2

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	Injuries from trip hazard	1
2(b)	RSI/Repetitive Strain Injury	1
2(c)	One from: <u>Eye</u> strain Headache	1
2(d)	Electrocution	1

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	Two from: It is a security method Form of security to protect the resources/data that the user can access Adds another layer of security	2
3(b)	Two from: Security token Biometrics GPS signal Receive/send a code you have to enter by email/SMS Username and Password Credit card number Phone number/email address Dongle/security app	2

Question	Answer	Marks
4	<p>Max five from:</p> <p>Positive</p> <p>Travel becomes safer</p> <p>Allows the driver to concentrate more on the driving</p> <p>Helps to prevent human error</p> <p>Keeps pedestrians and other people safe</p> <p>Can avoid accidents</p> <p>Max five from:</p> <p>Negative</p> <p>Become very reliant on the technology</p> <p>Very costly to repair/maintain</p> <p>Makes the vehicle more expensive</p> <p>The device/microprocessor could stop working/misread causing injuries</p> <p>Error messages/alerts could distract the driver</p>	6
5(a)	<p>Two from:</p> <p>GUI</p> <p>Is a WIMP system</p> <p>More user friendly</p> <p>Can be customised more easily</p> <p>Has limited options</p> <p>They are intuitive</p> <p>CLI</p> <p>The user has to type in commands</p> <p>The user needs a good knowledge of commands/system</p> <p>Users need to remember/learn the commands</p>	2
5(b)	<p>Two from:</p> <p>Dialogue based</p> <p>Gesture based</p>	2

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	<p>Two from: This is a communication system A structured discussion between two or more people</p> <p>This is carried out virtually/online/over the internet Involves video, web and audio</p>	2
6(b)	<p>Max three marks for any devices in the answer Max two marks for <u>linked</u> reasons:</p> <p>Computer/smartphoneto connect the peripherals used in the conference</p> <p>Camera/webcam... ...to capture moving images of the conference/participants</p> <p>Monitors... ...to view the participants/contents/web page of the conference</p> <p>Microphone... ...to capture the audio of the conference/participants</p> <p>Speaker/headphones... ...so participants can listen to others in the conference</p> <p>Router... ...to connect to the internet</p>	4
7(a)	<p>Max three from: Benefits of using laptop computers It has a large screen making it easier to read back the notes The software used is more compatible with other devices More ports on a laptop therefore easy to transfer data Has a large/separate keyboard therefore less errors on data entry//Has a large/separate keyboard therefore making it easier to type in the data</p> <p>Max three from: Drawbacks of laptop computers Laptops are less portable More difficult to take pictures using a laptop Laptops need a flat surface to work on Large footprint Smartphones can use 4G/5G/mobile data</p>	4
7(b)	<p>Four from: Text size should be easy/large enough to read Font style should be easy to read Make good use of white space so data fills the certificate Enough space in which to enter the answers in the text boxes Make good use of colours to make it easy to read Use an organised layout to make it easy to read All information needs to be clearly visible Use of tick boxes to make data entry quicker/easier</p>	4

Question	Answer	Marks
8(a)	<p>Two from:</p> <p>Virtual Reality is completely computer generated world</p> <p>Virtual Reality may require a headset/goggles</p> <p>Virtual Reality only enhances a fictional reality</p> <p>Augmented Reality can be accessed with a smartphone</p> <p>Augmented Reality combines both the virtual and real world</p> <p>Augmented Reality creates a new layer on top of existing reality</p>	2
8(b)	<p>Six from:</p> <p>It can help people connect with others to improve communication skills</p> <p>Overlays information/warnings on the display therefore leads to safer activities</p> <p>Produces more efficient/engaging shopping as user could look at a product and information can be displayed</p> <p>The user can try on clothing electronically so you can see what the clothes look like (on you) before buying</p> <p>Used in walk through systems to give a greater experience for users</p> <p>Using it in (interactive) gaming could allow people to have a better experience of the game</p> <p>As it is used in gaming it could lead to safety issues as the player could be immersed in the game</p> <p>Could damage social relationships/skills as it removes face to face interaction</p> <p>On screen information could be distracting</p> <p>Allows us to interact with various characters/situations in real-time but not necessarily the real life</p>	6

Question	Answer	Marks
9(a)	<p>Three from:</p> <p>The user interface is the screen into which the user types the answer</p> <p>Outputs questions for the user to answer</p> <p>Outputs the results to the user</p> <p>Interacts/communicates with the user</p> <p>Allows the expert to enter information into the knowledge base</p>	3
9(b)	<p>Three from:</p> <p>The knowledge base is a database of information</p> <p>Collection of facts/information/rules</p> <p>Populated by experts</p> <p>It contains the rules base</p>	3

Question	Answer	Marks
10	Four from: Data are sent back to the sensor The sensors scan continually The sensor captures the reflected data The sensor captures analogue data The data from the sensor is sent by the ADC	4
11(a)	Five from: Parallel running Both systems operate together until the old one is removed Staff can be trained on the whole system gradually More time consuming to enter data into two systems If the <u>new</u> system fails then the old system is there for a while to be used It is more expensive as two sets of staff are needed It is more expensive as two systems are needed Pilot Changeover Each <u>branch</u> is implemented separately Each branch changing over only uses the new system Costs are reduced as only one branch is affected at a time If there is an error in the new system only one branch is affected Staff can be trained in the branch being implemented The changeover is easier to manage	5
11(b)	Three from: Purpose of the system Limitations of the system Program/coding listing Program/coding language Program flowcharts Algorithms System flowcharts Hardware requirements//Software requirements File structures List of variables Input format Output format Sample runs/test runs Validation routines	3

Question	Answer	Marks
12(a)	Two from: Watching/spying on the user entering the password/data Watching/spying on the user to memorise the data/password People can eavesdrop/listen when personal data is being exchanged	2
12(b)	Two from: Cover the key pad when entering the password When entering your password in a public place, sit with your back to the wall//Enter password when no one is nearby Unclick show password Use biometrics Use contactless cards	2
11(b)	Three from: Purpose of the system Limitations of the system Program/coding listing Program/coding language Program flowcharts Algorithms System flowcharts Hardware requirements//Software requirements File structures List of variables Input format Output format Sample runs/test runs Validation routines	3
13(a)	Double (data) entry	1
13(b)	Four from: An input device sends data to a computer for processing An output device receives data from the computer An output device displays the results of processed data Input devices are controlled by the user Output devices are controlled by the computer	4
13(c)(i)	QR (Code) reader/scanner	1
13(c)(ii)	Bar code reader/scanner	1
13(c)(iii)	Magnetic strip(e) reader/scanner	1
13(c)(iv)	RFID reader/scanner	1

Question	Answer	Marks
14	Three from: More robust Faster data access times Faster data transfer times Faster read and write speeds Less likely to be affected by magnetic fields	3

Question	Answer	Marks
15	Four from: It provides guidance/best practice rules for organisations to follow on how to use personal data Regulates the processing of personal data Protects the rights of the data subject Helps to prevent personal data being misused by third parties Protects personal data	4